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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
09/715,438	11/16/2000	Mehryar Khailili Garakani	2705-129	5707	
20575	7590 09/23/2005		EXAMINER		
	JOHNSON & MCCO	LEZAK, ARRIENNE M			
	RRISON STREET, SUI), OR 97204	TE 400	ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
· OKTEAN	OR 7,20.		2143		
				DATE MAILED: 09/23/2005	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Application No.	Applicant(s)			
Office Action Summary		09/715,438	GARAKANI ET AL.			
		Examiner	Art Unit			
		Arrienne M. Lezak	2143			
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply						
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).						
Status			•			
1)	Responsive to communication(s) filed on					
·	This action is FINAL . 2b) ☐ This action is non-final.					
/	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the ments is					
,	closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.					
Disposition of Claims						
4)⊠	Claim(s) <u>1-3,5,8,12,14-16 and 18-20</u> is/are pen	ding in the application.				
	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.					
5) 🗌	Claim(s) is/are allowed.					
. 6)⊠	Claim(s) <u>1-3,5,8,12,14-16 and 18-20</u> is/are reje	cted.				
7) 🗌	Claim(s) is/are objected to.					
8)[8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.					
Applicati	on Papers					
9) 🔲 🤈	The specification is objected to by the Examiner					
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.						
	Applicant may not request that any objection to the d	Irawing(s) be held in abeyance. See	37 CFR 1.85(a).			
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).						
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.						
Priority u	ınder 35 U.S.C. § 119					
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 						
Attachment(s)						
Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) Interview Summary (PTO-413)						

DETAILED ACTION

Applicant's submission filed on 27 June 2005 has been entered. Examiner notes that Claims 1, 8, 12, 15 & 19 have been amended, Claims 6, 7, 9-11 & 13 have been cancelled, and no Claims have been added. Claims not explicitly addressed herein are found to be addressed within prior Office Action dated 25 March 2005 as reiterated herein below.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

1. Claims 1, 8, 12, 15 & 19 were rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, as failing to comply with the enablement requirement. Examiner notes that by the current amendment, Applicant has overcome the rejection by removal of the terminology "without further negotiations". Thus, the rejection under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph is withdrawn.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 2. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Application/Control Number: 09/715,438

Art Unit: 2143

3. Claims 1-3, 5, 8, 12, 14-16 & 18-20 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over US Patent US 6,504,838 B1 to Kwan.

Page 3

- 4. Regarding Claims 1, 8, 12, 15 and 19, Kwan discloses a method, apparatus and computer-readable medium for establishing a high-speed modem relay connection over a voice frame network between an originating modem with an associated calling-leg gateway and an answering modem with an associated called-leg gateway, (Col. 87, lines 1-22), the method comprising:
 - first detecting a predefined modulated answer tone at a first (answering) voice frame network gateway corresponding with the answering modem, (Col. 66, lines 23 –67; Col. 67, lines 1-31; Col. 69, lines, 30-56; and Col. 87, lines 1-22);
 - determining if voice compression, (Col. 8, lines 18-41), echo cancellation, (Col. 10, lines 5-67) or both are enabled, and if so, disabling voice compression, echo cancellation or both, (Col. 8, lines 18-41; Col. 10, lines 4-67; & Col. 11, lines 1-53), (Examiner notes that Kwan does not specifically disclose that after detecting the first tone and before detecting the second tone, enabled voice compression is disabled, and enabled echo cancellation is disabled; however, the same would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of invention by Applicant. The motivation to combine is noted by Examiner as a need to avoid problems occurring from the Voice Activity Detectors sensitivity to the Non-Linear Processor, as noted by the disablement functionality within

Art Unit: 2143

Kwan with regards to the voice mode/voice activity detector, (Col. 10, lines 4-67; & Col. 11, lines 1-53)).

- second detecting a predefined digital code at a second (calling) voice frame network gateway corresponding with the originating modem, (Col. 66, lines 23 –67; Col. 67, lines 1-31; Col. 69, lines, 30-56; and Col. 87, lines 1-22);
- suppressing signal transmission between the originating modem,
 (gateway) and the answering modem, (gateway), (per pending Claim 4),
 (Col. 67, lines 7-31);
- at the second (calling) gateway detecting two additional predefined digital codes from the originating modem and completing (calling) local physical layer negotiation, (Col. 66, lines 23 –67; Col. 67, lines 1-31; Col. 69, lines, 30-56; and Col. 87, lines 1-22);
- at the first (answering) gateway transmitting at least two additional predefined digital codes to the answering modem and completing (answering) local physical layer negotiation independently of the calling local physical layer negotiations, (Col. 66, lines 23 –67; Col. 67, lines 1-31; Col. 69, lines, 30-56; and Col. 87, lines 1-22); and
- enabling signal transmission between the originating modem and the answering modem, (Col. 67, lines 7-31);
- whereby the voice frame network connection is selectively automatically
 transitioned from voice mode to modem relay mode upon a determination

Art Unit: 2143

that the originating and the answering modem are both high-speed modems, (Col. 10, lines 4-24; Col. 71, lines 54-67; Col. 72, lines 1-67; Col. 73, lines 1-51; and Col. 67, lines 7-31).

Thus, Claims 1, 8, 12, 15 and 19 are found to be unpatentable over considerable consideration of the teachings of Kwan.

- 5. Regarding Claims 2, 3, 14, 16 and 20, Kwan discloses a method, apparatus and computer-readable medium for establishing a high-speed modem relay connection over a voice frame network wherein an amplitude-modulated answer (ANSam) tone is first detected at one of the gateways and a digital call menu (CM) is secondly detected at the other one of the gateways, (per pending Claims 2, 16 and 20), wherein the first gateway to perform said tone-detecting signaling to the other gateway that tone detection has occurred, (per pending Claims 3, 14 and 17), (Col. 69, lines 30-56). Thus, Claims 2, 3, 14, 16 and 20 are found to be unpatentable over considerable consideration of the teachings of Kwan.
- 6. Regarding Claims 5 and 18, Kwan discloses a method, apparatus and computer-readable medium for establishing a high-speed modem relay connection over a voice frame network wherein negotiating includes: at the calling-leg gateway detecting two additional digital CM codes from the originating modem and completing local calling-leg physical layer negotiation, and at the called-leg gateway transmitting at least two additional digital CM codes to the answering modem and completing local called-leg physical layer negotiation, (Col. 69, lines 30-56 and Col. 72, lines 38-62). Thus, Claims

Art Unit: 2143

5 & 18 are found to be unpatentable over considerable consideration of the teachings of Kwan.

Response to Arguments

- Applicant's arguments filed 27 June 2005, have been fully considered but they are not persuasive. Applicant's arguments do not comply with 37 CFR 1.111(c) because they do not clearly point out the patentable novelty which he or she thinks the claims present in view of the state of the art disclosed by the references cited or the objections made. Further, they do not show how reconsideration avoids such references or objections.
- 8. Regarding Applicant's assertion that Kwan does not teach signal suppression, Examiner respectfully disagrees citing Kwan, (Cols. 66-71 particularly Col. 67, lines 7-31), which discloses a data rate negotiation procedure, which procedure includes automatic data suppression during the negotiation process. Examiner further notes that the rate negotiation procedure taught by Kwan inherently includes all modem speeds for purposes of rate matching and suppression as necessary. Moreover, as Applicant notes within the "remarks" section, (p. 8/10) of the Amendment dated 23 July 2004, Kwan teaches "one type of signal that indicates that the modems are high speed modems", it is clear that Kwan inherently detects high-speed modem signals, which signals, when processed during the rate negotiation procedure, would inherently be suppressed as necessary.

Application/Control Number: 09/715,438

Art Unit: 2143

9.

In response to applicant's argument that there is no suggestion to combine the

Page 7

references, the examiner recognizes that obviousness can only be established by

combining or modifying the teachings of the prior art to produce the claimed invention

where there is some teaching, suggestion, or motivation to do so found either in the

references themselves or in the knowledge generally available to one of ordinary skill in

the art. See In re Fine, 837 F.2d 1071, 5 USPQ2d 1596 (Fed. Cir. 1988) and In re

Jones, 958 F.2d 347, 21 USPQ2d 1941 (Fed. Cir. 1992). In this case, Examiner finds

that Kwan clearly teaches both voice compression, (Col. 8, lines 26-27), and echo

cancellation, (Col. 10, lines 25), wherein use, (or disablement), of the same for any

purpose would have been obvious for the creation of an efficient and robust integrated

system for the exchange of voice, fax and modem data between telephony devices and

packet based networks, (Col. 1, lines 60-63). Moreover, Examiner notes that Applicant

only argues the "data transmission mode" wherein Kwan clearly teaches four

operational modes, (Col. 8, lines 18-41), including, a voice mode, which voice mode

functionalities clearly and obviously render Applicant's claim language unpatentable, as

noted herein above.

10. Additionally, a recitation of the intended use of the claimed invention must result

in a structural difference between the claimed invention and the prior art in order to

patentably distinguish the claimed invention from the prior art. If the prior art structure is

capable of performing the intended use, then it meets the claim. In a claim drawn to a

process of making, the intended use must result in a manipulative difference as

Application/Control Number: 09/715,438

Art Unit: 2143

compared to the prior art. See *In re Casey*, 370 F.2d 576, 152 USPQ 235 (CCPA 1967) and *In re Otto*, 312 F.2d 937, 939, 136 USPQ 458, 459 (CCPA 1963).

Page 8

- 11. Thus, as Examiner has completely addressed Applicant's amendment, and finding Applicant's arguments do not show how reconsideration avoids such references or objections, Examiner hereby maintains the original rejection of all claims in their entirety.
- 12. Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).
- 13. A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Arrienne M. Lezak whose telephone number is (571)-272-3916. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F 8:30-4:30.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, David A. Wiley can be reached on (571)-272-3923. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Arrienne M. Lezak Examiner Art Unit 2143

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